I M S T

LoRa Measurement Report

Report # 6200960

Characterisation of

iO881A

ordered by IMST GmbH

performed at

IMST GMBH LoRa Alliance Authorized Test House Carl-Friedrich-Gauss-Str. 2-4 D-47475 Kamp-Lintfort GERMANY

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1. Preface

The objective of the investigations was to perform Radio Performance tests of the device **iO881A** for the customer **IMST GmbH** in accordance to the relevant requirements from the latest End-Device Certification Radiated RF Performance Specification for EU 868 MHz ISM Band Devices. The measurements described in this report cover all tests necessary for the device.

The test results only relate to the items tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the IMST GmbH.

2. Administrative Summary

Location: IMST GmbH, Test Centre, Kamp-Lintfort, Germany
Responsible Test Engineer: Yavuz Turan, Jens Lerner
Subject: Test of Radio Performance against End-Device Certification Radiated RF Performance Specification for EU 868 MHz ISM Band Devices
Customer and Contact Information: IMST GmbH
Tested Device: iO881A
Measurement Date: 25.09.2020
Firmware Version: V1.0
Hardware Version: C100
End-device Identifier: S/N: 002001
LoRa Device Class: A
LoRaWAN Specification Version: V1.0.2
Certification Requirements: End-Device Certification Radiated RF Performance Specification for EU 868 MHz ISM Band Devices V1.2.1
Frequency Band(s) tested: 863.1 MHz, 865.1 MHz, 868.3 MHz, 869.525 MHz

Signatures:

Yavuz Turan (Test Engineer)

Im

Jens Lerner (Quality Engineer)





3. Measurement and Calibration Setup

3.1. Measurement Environment

The measurements have been performed in the air conditioned and completely shielded anechoic chamber (Range II) B83117-A1431-T161 of IMST GmbH. This minimizes measurement errors caused by variations in temperature, disturbing signals and reflections. Movement of the DUT has been done by a "Roll over Azimuth" positioner. The mast that carries the roll axis is made from Kevlar. The accuracy of the azimuth positioner is 0.03°. During measurement the azimuth positioner is covered with absorbers. The distance between the measurement antenna and the rotation centre of the DUT was ca. 2.23 m during measurement (far field conditions).



Figure 3.1: IMST Anechoic Chamber (Range II) B83117-A1431-T161





All calibrations and measurements have been done with the devices that are stated in the following table. The date of the last calibration is shown in the column "Cal. Date".

Type & Manufacturer	Device	Ser. No.	Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyser Rhode & Schwarz	ZVL (9 kHz - 13.6 GHz)	101114	Aug. 2020
Network Analyser Agilent Technologies	E8363B (10 MHz - 40 GHz)	MY43030308	Jul. 2019
Signal Generator Hewlett Packard	83732A (50 MHz - 20 GHz)	3233A00127	Jul. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Measurement) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	0077	Aug. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Measurement) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	0078	Aug. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Reference) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	00157	Aug. 2019
Anechoic chamber Siemens Matsushita	B83117-A1431-T161	Proj. No. 007-A34-089/99A	N/A
Roll/Azimuth positioner ORBIT/FR	AL-DBDR-3G/AL-560	434	N/A
Controller ORBIT/FR	AL-4164-MC	25	N/A
Control and measurement software IMST	Daric 2.0	N/A	N/A
Rohacell Bracket	Free space mounting	N/A	N/A
LoRa Gateway Semtech	IOT SX1301 Software Version: 3.1.0	N/A	N/A
USB Programmable Step Attenuator Mini-Circuits	Rudat-6000-90 (0 - 90 dB, 0.25 dB step)	11512160027	N/A
USB Programmable RF Switch IMST	4 x 2 way RF-Switch	N/A	N/A

Table 3.1: Devices used for calibration and measurement





3.3. Calibration Setup

3.3.1. Normalized Site Attenuation

The distance between calibration and measurement antenna is ca. 2.23 m. The S_{21} of the measurement range has been measured with a calibrated network analyser. The network analyser was SOLT calibrated between Port 1 and Port 2. The normalized site attenuation (NSA) which was present during the measurement was evaluated with the following formula:

$$D_{\rm NSA} = S_{21} - G_{\rm gain \ ref. \ ant} \tag{1}$$

Figure 3.2 shows the calibration setup in a simplified drawing. The reference antenna is a so called "well known device" (cf. table 3.1).



Figure 3.2: Calibration Setup





3.3.2. LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box

The LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box is used to switch between transmission (Tx) and receiver (Rx) performance measurement (cf. figure 3.3).

For the transmitter performance test the switch box is placed in the RF path between the Spectrum Analyser and port 1 as shown in figure 3.2. Therefore the insertion loss $[D_{switch box}, red path in figure 3(b)]$ needs to be determined for calibration by using the spectrum analyser and a calibrated signal generator. A CW signal is generated with a known RF power (usually 0 dBm) and recorded as the insertion loss by the spectrum analyser. The final path loss can thus calculated to be:

$$D_{\rm tx \ path \ loss} = D_{\rm NSA} + D_{\rm switch \ box} \tag{2}$$

For the receiver performance measurement calibration, the builtin LoRa Gateway [cf. figure 3(b)] is set to transmit a CW signal and the spectrum analyser is used to record both the output power toward the measurment antenna (red path) with the step attenuator set to zero ($D_{\text{step attenuator}} = 0 \text{ dB}$) and the spectrum analyser measurment path (blue path). The difference ($D_{\text{GW ref power}}$) is recorded and can be used to determine the RF receiver power at the DUT as follows:



$$P_{\text{DUT}} = P_{\text{measured}} + D_{\text{GW ref power}} - D_{\text{NSA}} - D_{\text{step attenuator}}$$
(3)

Figure 3.3: LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box





3.4. Measurement Setup

3.4.1. Transmitter Performance Test Setup and Calibration Results

The continuous wave mode for a specific uplink (UL) frequency is enabled by the measurement software. The EIRP has been measured as a full 3D radiation power pattern with a grid segmentation on the sphere of 15.0° in azimuth (theta, Θ) and 15.0° in roll (phi, Φ) direction.

This has been done with two polarizations (E_{Θ} and E_{Φ}) of the measurement antenna and the LoRa Switch Box set to Tx configuration. Details for the LoRa Switch Box are depictured in figure 3(b). Figure 3.4 shows the measurement setup in a simplified drawing. For all measurements the end device output power level was configured to 14 dBm. The insertion loss of the LoRa Switch Box in Tx configuration was calibrated to $D_{\text{switch box}} = 1.3 \,\text{dB}$. The normalized site attenuation (D_{NSA}) was calibrated for the different channels as shown in table 3.2.

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Theta-Pol. (dB)	Phi-Pol. (dB)
LOW	863.1	35.2	35.4
MID	865.1	35.3	35.4
HIGH	868.3	35.4	35.5
HIGH (RX2)	869.5	35.4	35.5

Table 3.2: Normalized Site Attenuation for Transmitter Performance Measurement

The TRP/EIRP result summary can be found in table 4.1.

The TRP/EIRP uncertainty of the measurement has been specified with ± 1.5 dB.

3.4.2. Receiver Performance Test Setup and Calibration Results

The effective isotropic sensitivity (EIS) was measured for each channel at a single point in the direction of the maximum EIRP. The end device receiver performance was measured with a measurement setup as depicted in figure 3.4. For this test the LoRa Switch Box is set to Rx configuration [cf. 3(a)] and the packet error rate (PER) limit of 10% was determined with 60 packets sent from the gateway. The gateway reference power difference was calibrated to $D_{\rm GW \ ref \ power} = -25.1 \ dB$. The normalized site attenuation ($D_{\rm NSA}$) was calibrated for the different channels (MID for RX1 and HIGH for RX2) as shown in table 3.2.

The TIS/EIS result summary can be found in table 4.2.

The TIS/EIS uncertainty of the measurement has been specified with $\pm 2 \, dB$.





3.4.3. Transmitter Performance Power Sweep Setup

For the transmitter performance power sweep the EIRP was measured for each channel at a single point in the direction of the maximum EIRP as measured in the full 3D reference measurement (cf. chapter 3.4.1) The resulting EIRP for all available Tx power settings and channels was used to calucate the total radiated power (TRP) for the respective channels and settings.

The TRP power sweep result summary can be found in table 4.3.



Figure 3.4: LoRa Measurement Setup



4. Measurement Results

4.1. Summary

Channel	$P(E^{\Theta})$	$P(E^{\Phi})$	P(E)	TRP (dBm)
LOW	12.7	12.8	13.3	10.4
MID	12.5	12.6	13.1	10.2
HIGH	12.2	12.4	12.9	9.9
HIGH (RX2)	12.1	12.3	12.8	9.8

Table 4.1: T	Tx Power	Measurement	Result	Summary
--------------	----------	-------------	--------	---------

	max	max. EIS (dBm)		
Channel	$\overline{S^{\Theta}}$	S^{Φ}	S^{eff}	TIS (dBm)
LOW-SF7BW125	-123.2	-123.3	-123.8	-120.9
LOW-SF12BW125	-135.3	-135.4	-135.9	-133.0
MID-SF7BW125	-123.3	-123.4	-123.9	-121.0
MID-SF12BW125	-138.9	-139.0	-139.5	-136.5
HIGH-SF7BW125	-123.0	-123.2	-123.7	-120.6
HIGH-SF12BW125	-138.0	-138.2	-138.7	-135.7
high (rx2)-sf7bW125	-122.9	-123.1	-123.6	-120.5
HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125	-136.9	-137.1	-137.7	-134.6

Table 4 2.	Rx Sensitivity	Result Summary
		Reson Sommary

	TRP (dBm)					
Channel	2.0	5.0	8.0	11.0	14.0	20.0
LOW MID HIGH HIGH (RX2)	-0.8 -0.7 -1.0 -1.1	1.4 1.6 1.4 1.3	3.8 4.2 4.4 4.4	7.5 7.6 7.4 7.3	10.0 10.1 9.8 9.7	10.0 10.1 9.8 9.7

Table 4.3: Tx Power Sweep Result





4.2. Tx-Power for Channel: LOW

UL-Frequency:	863103960 Hz
TRP:	10.4 dBm
max. EIRP (⊖):	12.7 dBm at (Θ=0.0°, Φ=-15.0°)
max. EIRP (Φ):	12.8 dBm at (Θ =105.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIRP (abs):	13.3 dBm at (Θ =135.0°, Φ =-45.0°)





Figure 4.1: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: LOW

135

180°

(c) xz-plane



270



4.3. Tx-Power for Channel: MID

UL-Frequency:	865102970 Hz
TRP:	10.2 dBm
max. EIRP (⊖):	12.5 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIRP (Φ):	12.6 dBm at (Θ =105.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIRP (abs):	13.1 dBm at (Θ=135.0°, Φ=-45.0°)







135

180°

(c) xz-plane





4.4. Tx-Power for Channel: HIGH

UL-Frequency:	868302970 Hz
TRP:	9.9 dBm
max. EIRP (⊖):	12.2 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIRP (Φ):	12.4 dBm at (⊖=120.0°, Φ=-75.0°)
max. EIRP (abs):	12.9 dBm at (Θ =135.0 °, Φ =-45.0 °)







180°

, 135'

225

Figure 4.3: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: HIGH





4.5. Tx-Power for Channel: HIGH (RX2)

UL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TRP:	9.8 dBm
max. EIRP (⊖):	12.1 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIRP (Φ):	12.3 dBm at (Θ =120.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIRP (abs):	12.8 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-15.0°)





Figure 4.4: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: HIGH (RX2)





DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-120.9 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-123.2 dBm at (Θ =0.0°, Φ =-15.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-123.3 dBm at (Θ =105.0 °, Φ =-75.0 °)
max. EIS (eff.):	-123.8 dBm at (Θ =135.0 °, Φ =-45.0 °)



(a) Device under Test



(b) xy-plane





Figure 4.5: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: LOW-SF7BW125





4.7. Sensitivity for Channel: LOW-SF12BW125

DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-133.0 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-135.3 dBm at (Θ =0.0°, Φ =-15.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-135.4 dBm at (Θ =105.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-135.9 dBm at (Θ=135.0°, Φ=-45.0°)













Φ

0°

DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-121.0 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-123.3 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-123.4 dBm at (Θ =105.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-123.9 dBm at (Θ =135.0°, Φ =-45.0°)



(a) Device under Test



(b) xy-plane

0°

Θ

-115

-135.0

-125.0

45

ر 135°







Figure 4.7: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: MID-SF7BW125

270

315





4.9. Sensitivity for Channel: MID-SF12BW125

DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-136.5 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-138.9 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-139.0 dBm at (Θ =105.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-139.5 dBm at (Θ =135.0°, Φ =-45.0°)







Figure 4.8: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: MID-SF12BW125





Φ

0°

4.10. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH-SF7BW125

DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-120.6 dBm
max. EIS (Θ):	-123.0 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-123.2 dBm at (Θ =120.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-123.7 dBm at (Θ =135.0°, Φ =-45.0°)



(a) Device under Test



(b) xy-plane

0°

Θ







Figure 4.9: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH-SF7BW125





DL-Frequency:	869527860 Hz
TIS:	-135.7 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-138.0 dBm at (⊖=150.0°, Φ=-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-138.2 dBm at (Θ =120.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-138.7 dBm at (Θ =135.0°, Φ =-45.0°)







180°

35

Figure 4.10: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH-SF12BW125





4.12. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF7BW125

DL-Frequency:	869535000 Hz
TIS:	-120.5 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-122.9 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-123.1 dBm at (Θ =120.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-123.6 dBm at (Θ =150.0°, Φ =-15.0°)



(a) Device under Test



(b) xy-plane



LoRa Alliance







Φ

0°

× 315°

4.13. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125

DL-Frequency:	869535000 Hz
TIS:	-134.6 dBm
max. EIS (⊖):	-136.9 dBm at (Θ=150.0°, Φ=-345.0°)
max. EIS (Φ):	-137.1 dBm at (Θ =120.0°, Φ =-75.0°)
max. EIS (eff.):	-137.7 dBm at (Θ =150.0 °, Φ =-15.0 °)







Figure 4.12: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125





A. Abbreviations

- EIRP Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power
- EIS Equivalent Isotropic Sensitivity
- TRP Total Radiated Power
- TIS Total Isotropic Sensitivity
- CW Continous Wave
- NSA Normalized Site Attenuation
- RF Radio Frequency
- Rx Receiver (Mode)
- Tx Transmitter (Mode)
- UL Uplink
- DL Downlink
- SF Spreading Factor
- BW Bandwidth



