

# LoRa Measurement Report

Report #

6210867

Characterisation of

# Viloc Tag

ordered by

Viloc NV, Meet District, Posthofbrug 6/8, 2600 Antwerpen

performed at

IMST GMBH

LoRa Alliance Authorized Test House Carl-Friedrich-Gauss-Str. 2-4

P-47475 Kamp-Lintfort
GERMANY

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### 1. Preface

The objective of the investigations was to perform Radio Performance tests of the device **Viloc Tag** for the customer **Viloc NV**, **Meet District**, **Posthofbrug 6/8**, **2600 Antwerpen** in accordance to the relevant requirements from the latest End-Device Certification Radiated RF Performance Specification for EU 868 MHz ISM Band Devices. The measurements described in this report cover all tests necessary for the device.

The test results only relate to the items tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the IMST GmbH.

# 2. Administrative Summary

**Location**: IMST GmbH, Test Centre, Kamp-Lintfort, Germany

Responsible Test Engineer: Yavuz Turan, Jens Lerner

Subject: Test of Radio Performance against RF Performance Specification for EU 868 MHz

ISM Band Devices

Customer and Contact Information: Viloc NV, Meet District, Posthofbrug 6/8, 2600

Antwerpen

**Tested Device**: Viloc Tag

Measurement Date: 26.11.2021 08:29:10

Firmware Version: 1.3 Hardware Version: Stabil2

End-device Identifier: ST2-1200-A02

LoRa Device Class: A

LoRaWAN Specification Version: V1.0.4

Certification Requirements: LoRaWAN End-Device RF Performance measurements for

All Regions V1.0

Frequency Band(s) tested: 863.1 MHz, 865.1 MHz, 868.3 MHz, 869.525 MHz

Signatures:

Yavuz Turan (Test Engineer) Jens Lerner (Quality Engineer)





# 3. Measurement and Calibration Setup

#### 3.1. Measurement Environment

The measurements have been performed in the air conditioned and completely shielded anechoic chamber (Range II) B83117-A1431-T161 of IMST GmbH. This minimizes measurement errors caused by variations in temperature, disturbing signals and reflections. Movement of the DUT has been done by a "Roll over Azimuth" positioner. The mast that carries the roll axis is made from Kevlar. The accuracy of the azimuth positioner is 0.03°. During measurement the azimuth positioner is covered with absorbers. The distance between the measurement antenna and the rotation centre of the DUT was ca. 2.23 m during measurement (far field conditions).



Figure 3.1: IMST Anechoic Chamber (Range II) B83117-A1431-T161





### 3.2. Measurement Devices

All calibrations and measurements have been done with the devices that are stated in the following table. The date of the last calibration is shown in the column "Cal. Date".

Type & Manufacturer	Device	Ser. No.	Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyser Rhode & Schwarz	ZVL (9 kHz - 13.6 GHz)	101114	Aug. 2020
Network Analyser Agilent Technologies	E8363B (10 MHz - 40 GHz)	MY43030308	Jul. 2019
Signal Generator Hewlett Packard	83732A (50 MHz - 20 GHz)	3233A00127	Jul. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Measurement) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	0077	Aug. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Measurement) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	0078	Aug. 2019
Dual Ridged Horn (Reference) Satimo	SH800 (0.8 - 12 GHz)	00157	Aug. 2019
Anechoic chamber Siemens Matsushita	B83117-A1431-T161	Proj. No. 007-A34-089/99A	N/A
Roll/Azimuth positioner ORBIT/FR	AL-DBDR-3G/AL-560	434	N/A
Controller ORBIT/FR	AL-4164-MC	25	N/A
Control and measurement software IMST	Daric 2.0	N/A	N/A
Rohacell Bracket	Free space mounting	N/A	N/A
LoRa Gateway Semtech	IOT SX1301 Software Version: 3.1.0	N/A	N/A
USB Programmable Step Attenuator Mini-Circuits	Rudat-6000-90 (0 - 90 dB, 0.25 dB step)	11512160027	N/A
USB Programmable RF Switch IMST	4 x 2 way RF-Switch	N/A	N/A

Table 3.1: Devices used for calibration and measurement





### 3.3. Calibration Setup

#### 3.3.1. Normalized Site Attenuation

The distance between calibration and measurement antenna is ca.  $2.23 \, \text{m}$ . The  $S_{21}$  of the measurement range has been measured with a calibrated network analyser. The network analyser was SOLT calibrated between Port 1 and Port 2. The normalized site attenuation (NSA) which was present during the measurement was evaluated with the following formula:

$$D_{\text{NSA}} = S_{21} - G_{\text{gain ref. ant}} \tag{1}$$

Figure 3.2 shows the calibration setup in a simplified drawing. The reference antenna is a so called "well known device" (cf. table 3.1).

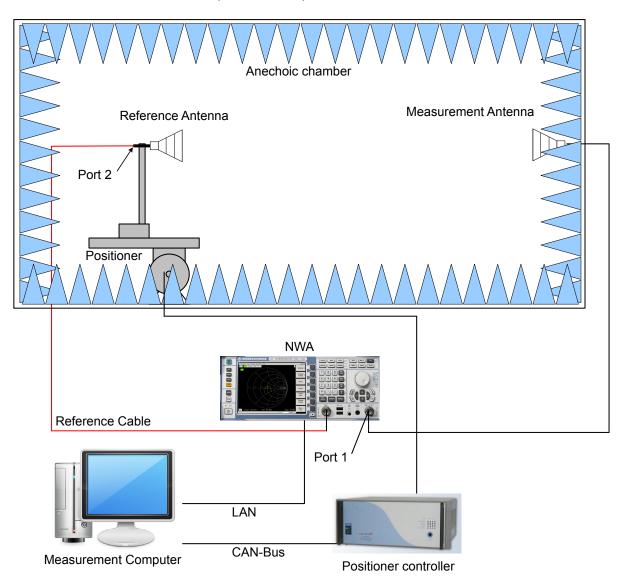


Figure 3.2: Calibrtation Setup





### 3.3.2. LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box

The LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box is used to switch between transmission (Tx) and receiver (Rx) performance measurement (cf. figure 3.3).

For the transmitter performance test the switch box is placed in the RF path between the Spectrum Analyser and port 1 as shown in figure 3.2. Therefore the insertion loss [ $D_{\rm switch\ box}$ , red path in figure 3(b)] needs to be determined for calibration by using the spectrum analyser and a calibrated signal generator. A CW signal is generated with a known RF power (usually 0 dBm) and recorded as the insertion loss by the spectrum analyser. The final path loss can thus calculated to be:

$$D_{\text{tx path loss}} = D_{\text{NSA}} + D_{\text{switch box}} \tag{2}$$

For the receiver performance measurement calibration, the builtin LoRa Gateway [cf. figure 3(b)] is set to transmit a CW signal and the spectrum analyser is used to record both the output power toward the measurment antenna (red path) with the step attenuator set to zero ( $D_{\text{step attenuator}} = 0 \, \text{dB}$ ) and the spectrum analyser measurment path (blue path). The difference ( $D_{\text{GW ref power}}$ ) is recorded and can be used to determine the RF receiver power at the DUT as follows:

$$P_{\text{DUT}} = P_{\text{measured}} + D_{\text{GW ref power}} - D_{\text{NSA}} - D_{\text{step attenuator}} \tag{3}$$

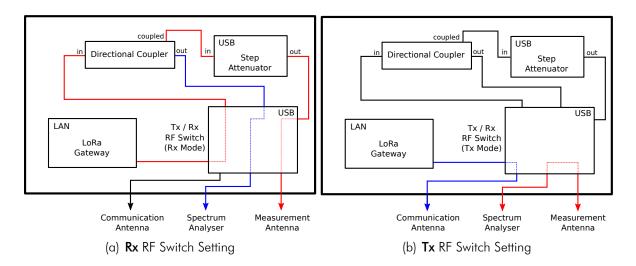


Figure 3.3: LoRa Command and Tx/Rx Switch Box





### 3.4. Measurement Setup

#### 3.4.1. Transmitter Performance Test Setup and Calibration Results

The continuous wave mode for a specific uplink (UL) frequency is enabled by the measurement software. The EIRP has been measured as a full 3D radiation power pattern with a grid segmentation on the sphere of  $15.0^{\circ}$  in azimuth (theta,  $\Theta$ ) and  $15.0^{\circ}$  in roll (phi,  $\Phi$ ) direction.

This has been done with two polarizations ( $E_{\Theta}$  and  $E_{\Phi}$ ) of the measurement antenna and the LoRa Switch Box set to Tx configuration. Details for the LoRa Switch Box are depictured in figure 3(b). Figure 3.4 shows the measurement setup in a simplified drawing. For all measurements the end device output power level was configured to 20 dBm. The insertion loss of the LoRa Switch Box in Tx configuration was calibrated to  $D_{\rm switch\ box}=1.3\,{\rm dB}$ . The normalized site attenuation ( $D_{\rm NSA}$ ) was calibrated for the different channels as shown in table 3.2.

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Theta-Pol. (dB)	Phi-Pol. (dB)
LOW	863.1	35.2	35.5
MID	865.1	35.3	35.5
HIGH	868.3	35.4	35.5
HIGH (RX2)	869.5	35.4	35.6

Table 3.2: Normalized Site Attenuation for Transmitter Performance Measurement

The TRP/EIRP result summary can be found in table 4.1.

The TRP/EIRP uncertainty of the measurement has been specified with  $\pm 1.5\,\mathrm{dB}$ .

### 3.4.2. Receiver Performance Test Setup and Calibration Results

The effective isotropic sensitivity (EIS) was measured for each channel at a single point in the direction of the maximum EIRP. The end device receiver performance was measured with a measurement setup as depicted in figure 3.4. For this test the LoRa Switch Box is set to Rx configuration [cf. 3(a)] and the packet error rate (PER) limit of 10% was determined with 60 packets sent from the gateway. The gateway reference power difference was calibrated to  $D_{\rm GW\ ref\ power}=-25.1\,{\rm dB}$ . The normalized site attenuation ( $D_{\rm NSA}$ ) was calibrated for the different channels (MID for RX1 and HIGH for RX2) as shown in table 3.2.

The TIS/EIS result summary can be found in table 4.2.

The TIS/EIS uncertainty of the measurement has been specified with  $\pm 2\,\mathrm{dB}$ .





#### 3.4.3. Transmitter Performance Power Sweep Setup

For the transmitter performance power sweep the EIRP was measured for each channel at a single point in the direction of the maximum EIRP as measured in the full 3D reference measurement (cf. chapter 3.4.1) The resulting EIRP for all available Tx power settings and channels was used to calucalte the total radiated power (TRP) for the respective channels and settings.

The TRP power sweep result summary can be found in table 4.3.

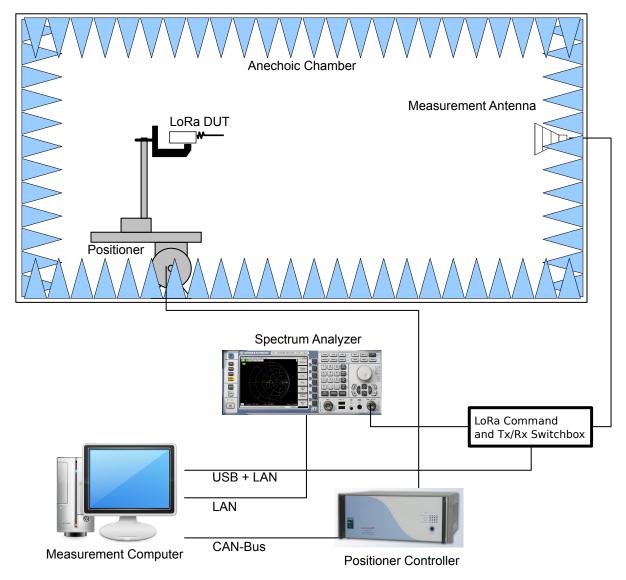


Figure 3.4: LoRa Measurement Setup





# 4. Measurement Results

# 4.1. Summary

	max. EIRP (dBm)					
Channel	$P(E^\Theta)$	$P(E^\Phi)$	P( E )	TRP (dBm)		
LOW	13.5	12.4	13.8	11.4		
MID	14.2	13.1	14.5	12.1		
HIGH	15.0	14.2	15.3	13.0		
HIGH (RX2)	15.0	14.2	15.3	13.0		

Table 4.1: Tx Power Measurement Result Summary

	max	max. EIS (dBm)				
Channel	$S^{\Theta}$	$S^{\Phi}$	$S^{eff}$	TIS (dBm)		
LOW-SF7BW125	-119.7	-118.6	-120.0	-117.6		
LOW-SF12BW125	-134.8	-133.7	-135.1	-132.7		
MID-SF7BW125	-120.5	-119.4	-120.8	-118.4		
MID-SF12BW125	-136.1	-135.0	-136.4	-134.0		
HIGH-SF7BW125	-121.3	-120.5	-121.6	-119.2		
HIGH-SF12BW125	-134.3	-133.5	-134.6	-132.3		
HIGH (RX2)-SF7BW125	-121.5	-120.7	-121.8	-119.5		
HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125	-134.6	-133.8	-134.9	-132.5		

Table 4.2: Rx Sensitivity Result Summary

		TRP (dBm)						
Channel	2.0	5.0	8.0	11.0	14.0	16.0	20.0	
LOW	-6.4	-4.1	-2.2	3.1	5.2	6.8	10.9	
MID	-5.7	-3.5	-1.6	3.7	5.8	7.5	11.8	
HIGH	-4.7	-2.5	-0.6	4.7	6.7	8.4	12.8	
HIGH (RX2)	-4.2	-2.2	-0.2	5.0	7.1	8.8	12.9	

Table 4.3: Tx Power Sweep Result





### 4.2. Tx-Power for Channel: LOW

**UL-Frequency**: 863098900 Hz

**TRP**: 11.4 dBm

**max. EIRP (\Theta):** 13.5 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIRP (Φ): 12.4 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =180.0°,  $\Phi$ =-105.0°)

**max. EIRP (abs):** 13.8 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-210.0°)

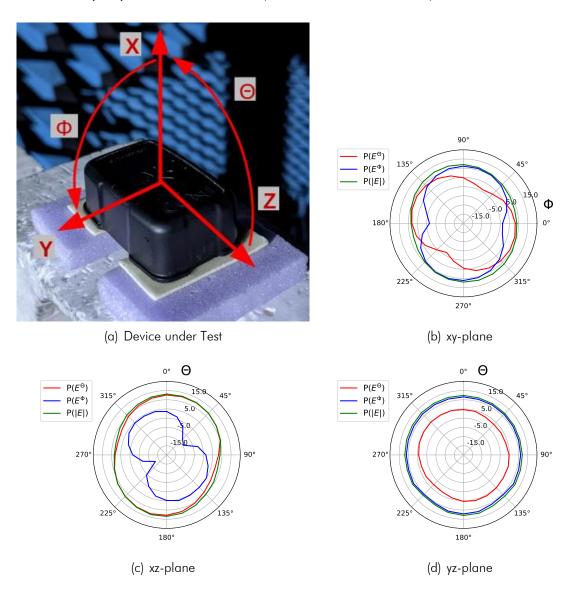


Figure 4.1: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: LOW





### 4.3. Tx-Power for Channel: MID

**UL-Frequency**: 865098900 Hz

**TRP**: 12.1 dBm

**max. EIRP (\Theta):** 14.2 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIRP (Φ): 13.1 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =180.0°,  $\Phi$ =-105.0°)

max. EIRP (abs): 14.5 dBm at ( $\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}$ ,  $\Phi = -195.0^{\circ}$ )

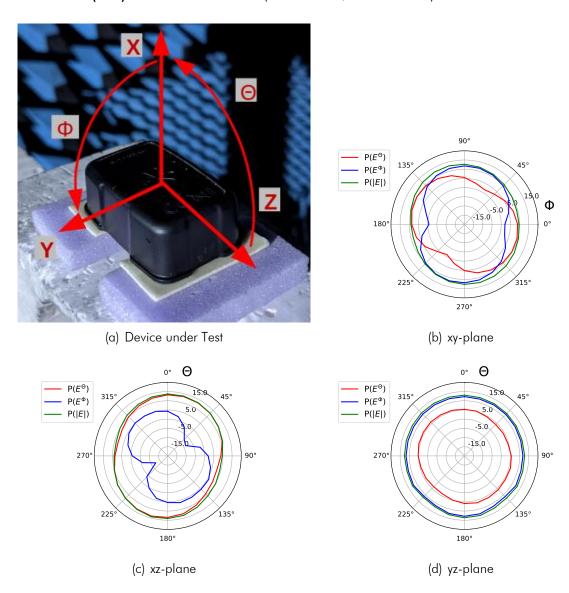


Figure 4.2: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: MID





### 4.4. Tx-Power for Channel: HIGH

**UL-Frequency**: 868298900 Hz

**TRP**: 13.0 dBm

**max. EIRP (\Theta):** 15.0 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIRP (Φ): 14.2 dBm at (Θ=180.0 $^{\circ}$ , Φ=-105.0 $^{\circ}$ )

max. EIRP (abs): 15.3 dBm at ( $\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}$ ,  $\Phi = -195.0^{\circ}$ )

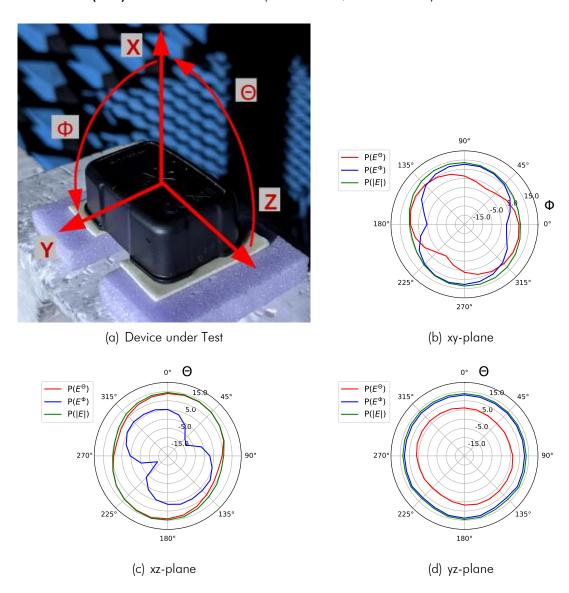


Figure 4.3: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: HIGH





# 4.5. Tx-Power for Channel: HIGH (RX2)

**UL-Frequency**: 869523900 Hz

**TRP**: 13.0 dBm

**max. EIRP (\Theta):** 15.0 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIRP (Φ): 14.2 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =180.0°,  $\Phi$ =-105.0°)

**max. EIRP (abs):** 15.3 dBm at ( $\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}$ ,  $\Phi = -210.0^{\circ}$ )

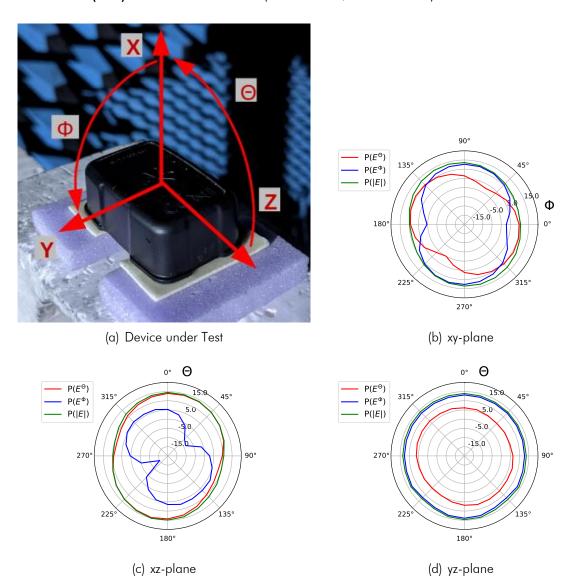


Figure 4.4: Tx Power Measurement Results for Channel: HIGH (RX2)





## 4.6. Sensitivity for Channel: LOW-SF7BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 863098900 Hz

**TIS:** -117.6 dBm

**max. EIS (** $\Theta$ **):** -119.7 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIS (Φ): -118.6 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =180.0°,  $\Phi$ =-105.0°)

max. EIS (eff.): -120.0 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-210.0°)

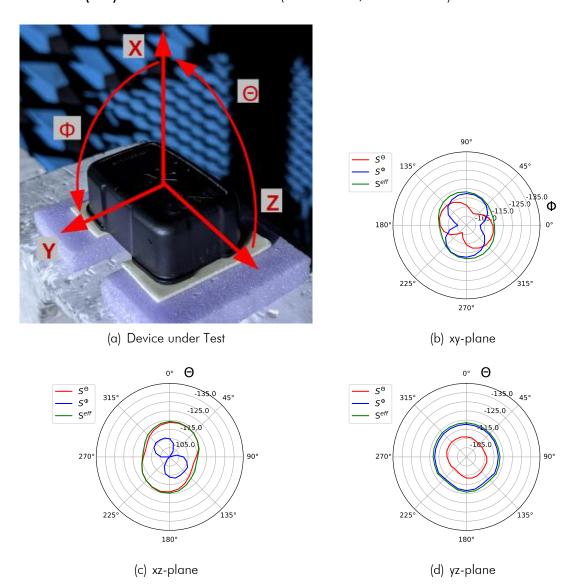


Figure 4.5: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: LOW-SF7BW125





## 4.7. Sensitivity for Channel: LOW-SF12BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 863098900 Hz

**TIS**: -132.7 dBm

**max. EIS (** $\Theta$ **):** -134.8 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIS (Φ):  $-133.7 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (eff.): -135.1 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-210.0°)

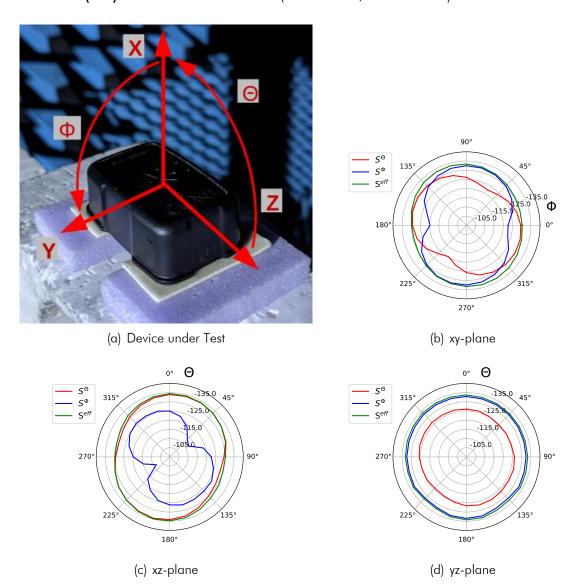


Figure 4.6: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: LOW-SF12BW125





## 4.8. Sensitivity for Channel: MID-SF7BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 865098900 Hz

**TIS:** -118.4 dBm

max. EIS (Θ):  $-120.5 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (Φ): -119.4 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =180.0°,  $\Phi$ =-105.0°)

max. EIS (eff.): -120.8 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

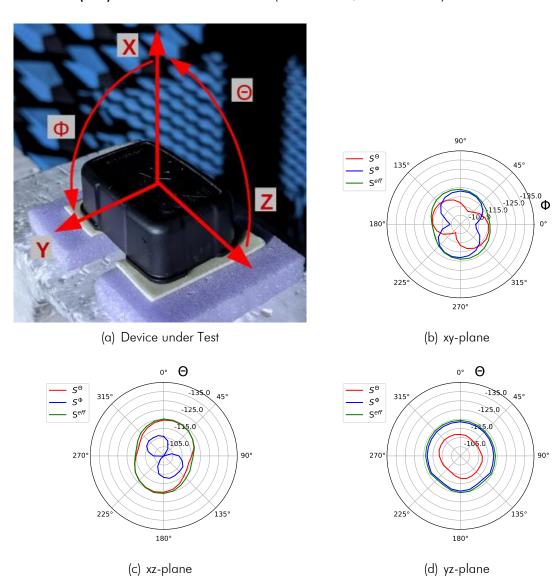


Figure 4.7: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: MID-SF7BW125





# 4.9. Sensitivity for Channel: MID-SF12BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 865098900 Hz

**TIS:** -134.0 dBm

max. EIS (Θ):  $-136.1 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (Φ):  $-135.0 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (eff.):  $-136.4 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

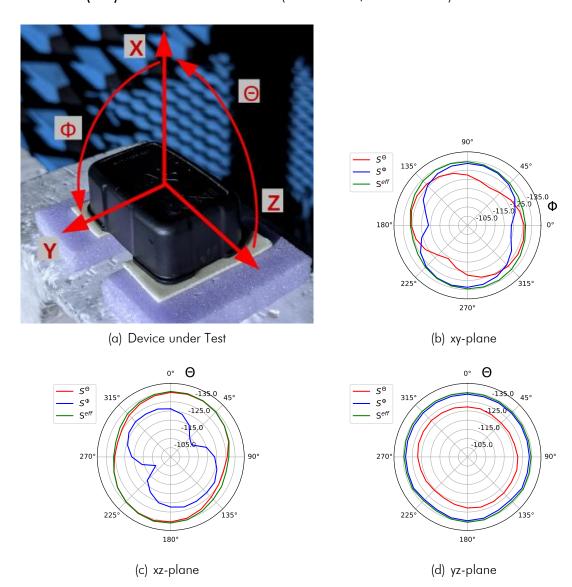


Figure 4.8: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: MID-SF12BW125





## 4.10. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH-SF7BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 868298900 Hz

**TIS**: -119.2 dBm

max. EIS (Θ):  $-121.3 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (Φ):  $-120.5 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (eff.): -121.6 dBm at (Θ=165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

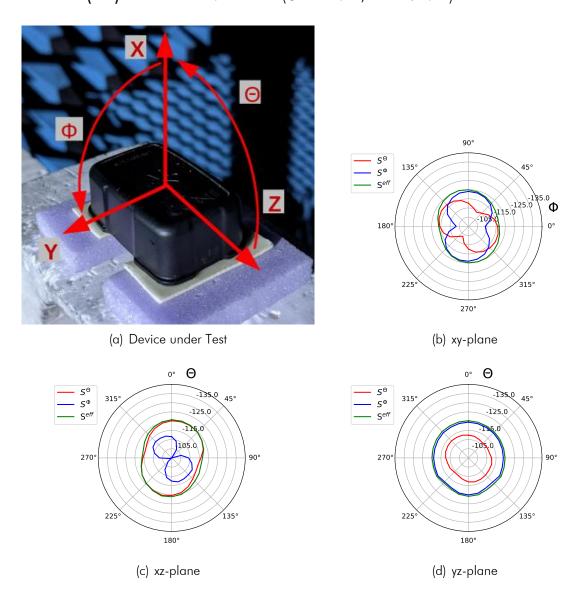


Figure 4.9: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH-SF7BW125





# 4.11. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH-SF12BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 868298900 Hz

**TIS**: -132.3 dBm

**max. EIS (** $\Theta$ **):** -134.3 dBm at ( $\Theta$ =165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

max. EIS (Φ):  $-133.5 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (eff.): -134.6 dBm at (Θ=165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-195.0°)

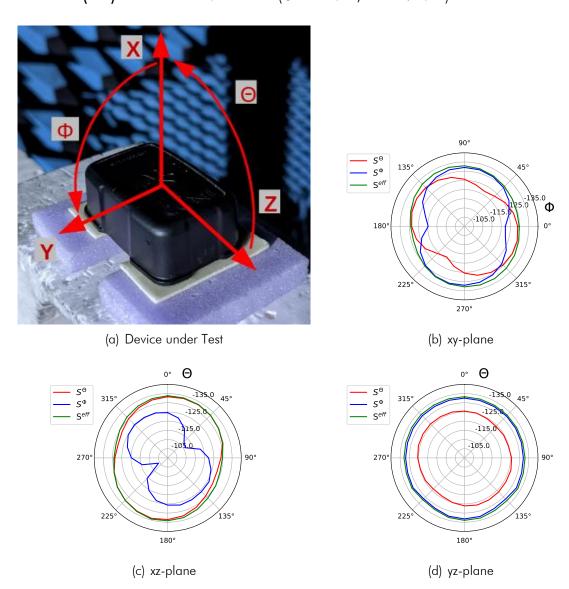


Figure 4.10: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH-SF12BW125





# 4.12. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF7BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 869523900 Hz

**TIS**: -119.5 dBm

max. EIS (Θ):  $-121.5 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (Φ):  $-120.7 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

**max. EIS (eff.)**:  $-121.8 \, dBm \, at \, (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \, \Phi = -210.0^{\circ})$ 

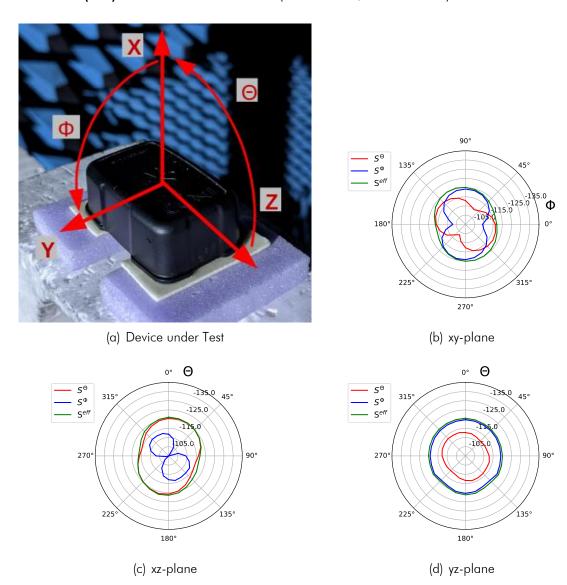


Figure 4.11: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF7BW125





# 4.13. Sensitivity for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125

**DL-Frequency**: 869523900 Hz

**TIS:** -132.5 dBm

max. EIS (Θ):  $-134.6 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 165.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -195.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (Φ):  $-133.8 \text{ dBm at } (\Theta = 180.0^{\circ}, \Phi = -105.0^{\circ})$ 

max. EIS (eff.): -134.9 dBm at (Θ=165.0°,  $\Phi$ =-210.0°)

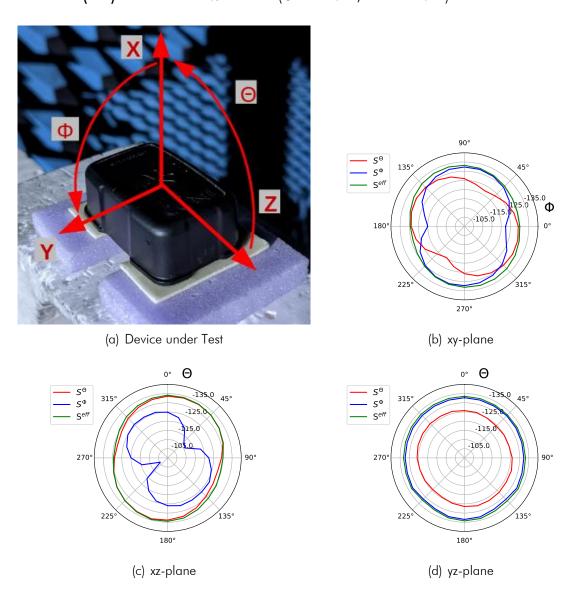


Figure 4.12: Rx Sensitivity Results for Channel: HIGH (RX2)-SF12BW125





# A. Abbreviations

EIRP Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

EIS Equivalent Isotropic Sensitivity

TRP Total Radiated Power

TIS Total Isotropic Sensitivity

CW Continous Wave

NSA Normalized Site Attenuation

RF Radio Frequency

Rx Receiver (Mode)

Tx Transmitter (Mode)

UL Uplink

DL Downlink

SF Spreading Factor

BW Bandwidth



